Real Analysis I	April 30, 2013
Student Name:	Serial Number:

* Show your work in details, no credit will be given for answers without details.

- 1. (5 points) Use the ϵ **definition** of the limit to prove that (show all details) $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{2n^2-1}{5n^2+4} = \frac{2}{5}.$
- 2. (7 points) Let $x_n := 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \ldots + \frac{1}{n^2}$, for a $n \ge 1$.
 - (a) Determine whether the sequence $X = \{x_n\}_{n \geq 1}$ is bounded or not.
 - (b) Determine whether the sequence $X = \{x_n\}_{n \geq 1}$ is monotone or not.
 - (c) Is the sequence X converge? Justify your answer.
- 3. (6 points)
 - (a) State the definition of a "Cauchy sequence".
 - (b) Prove that "If a sequence $X = (x_n)$ of real numbers converge, then it is a Cauchy sequence".
- 4. (7 points) State and prove the Bolzano-Weierstrass Theorem for sequences.

Good Luck