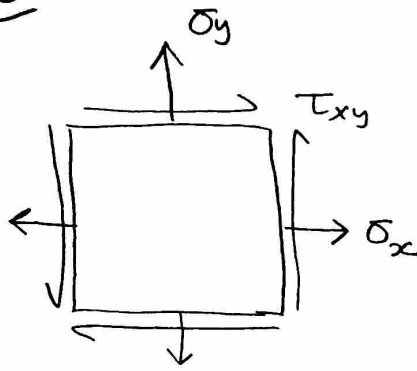


* Revision on Mohr's Circle

σ_x , σ_y and τ_{xy}

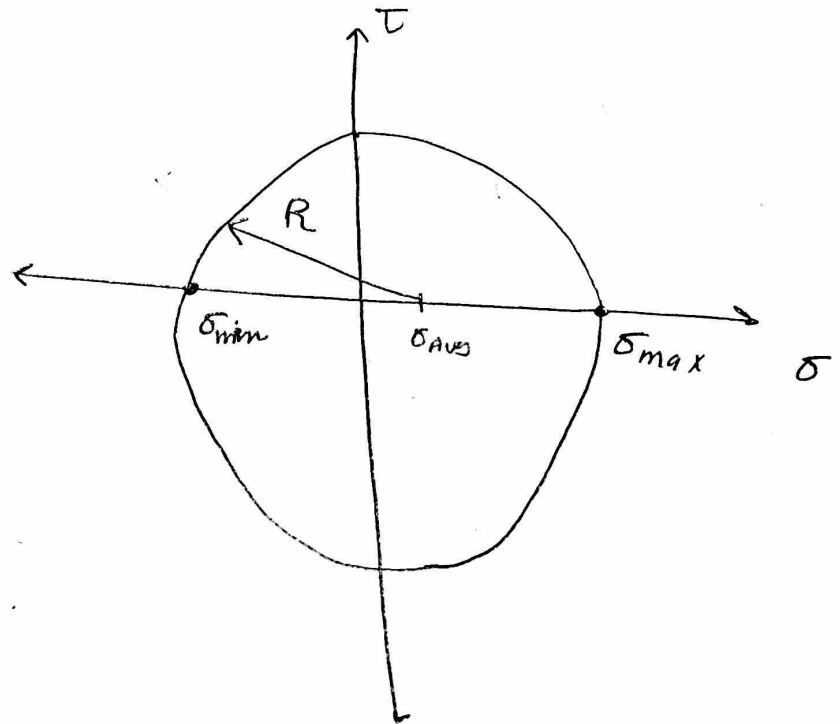


$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_{avg} + R$$

$$\sigma_{min} = \sigma_{avg} - R$$



principal planes (θ_p)

$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}$$

Planes of max. shear (θ_s)

$$\tan 2\theta_s = -\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2\tau_{xy}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan 2\theta_p = \frac{-1}{\tan 2\theta_s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan 2\theta_s \cdot \tan 2\theta_p + 1 = 0$$

only true if

$$2\theta_s = 2\theta_p \mp 90^\circ$$

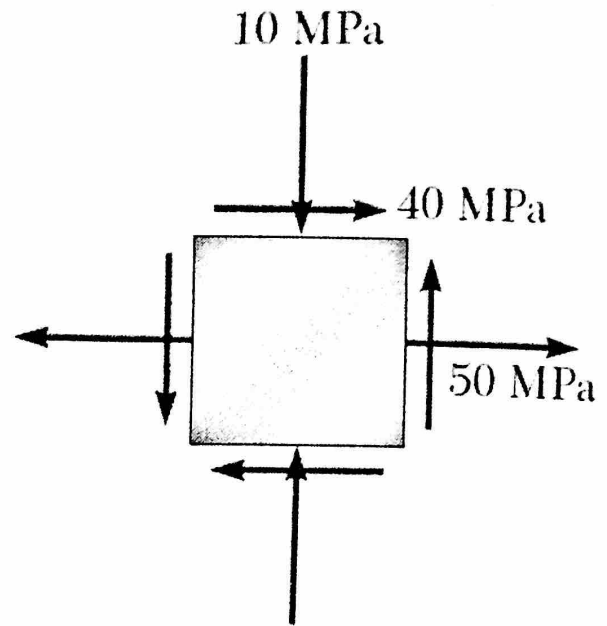
$$\theta_s = \theta_p \mp 45^\circ$$

Example

2

For the stress state shown, find:

- ① Draw Mohr's Circle
- ② principal stress
- ③ max shear
- ④ Represent this stress state on Mohr's Circle
- ⑤ Principal planes and planes of max. shear.



Solution

- ① To draw Mohr's circle, we need
- ① Center (σ_{avg})
 - ② Radius (R)

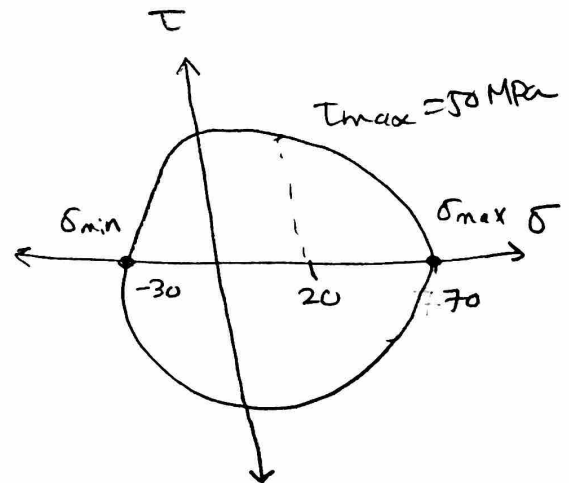
$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} = \frac{50 + (-10)}{2} \Rightarrow \sigma_{avg} = 20 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{50 - (-10)}{2}\right)^2 + 40^2} \Rightarrow R = 50 \text{ MPa}$$

- ② Principal stresses

$$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_{avg} + R = 20 + 50 = 70 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{min} = \sigma_{avg} - R = 20 - 50 = -30 \text{ MPa}$$



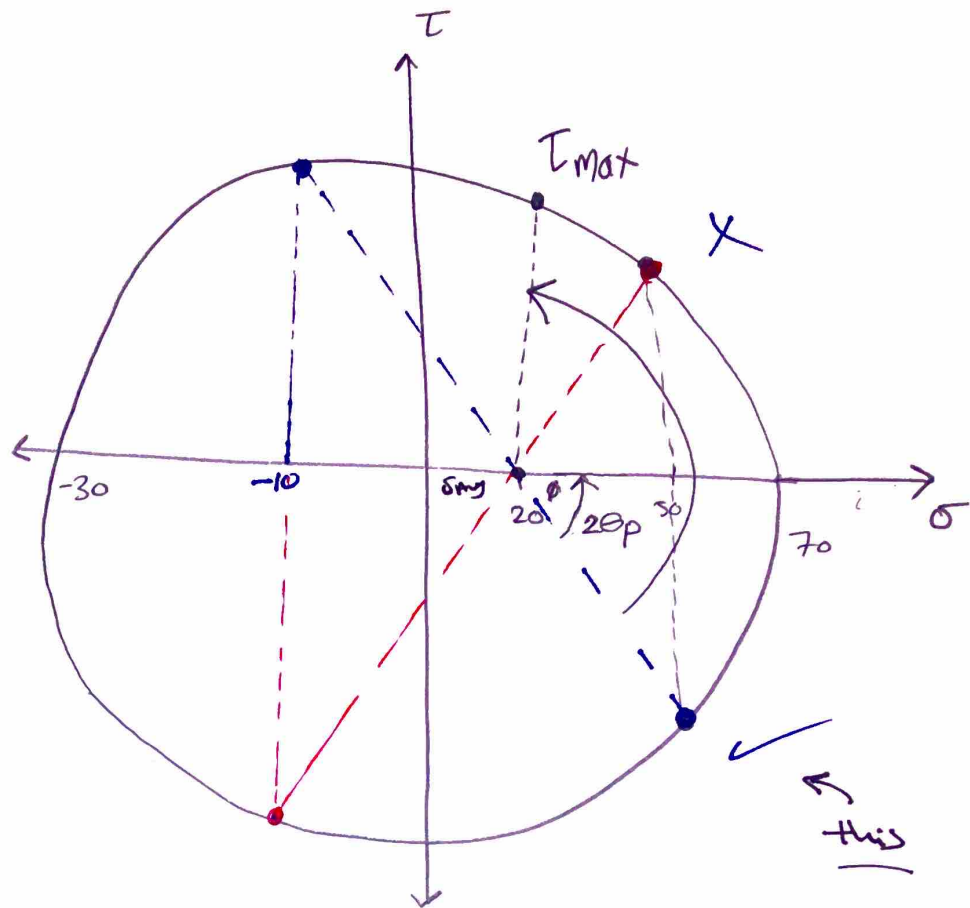
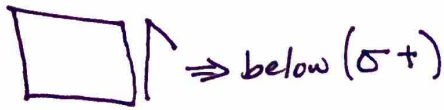
- ③ max shear

$$\tau_{max} = R = 50 \text{ MPa}$$

④ stress state on Mohr's Circle

3/

- Rule



$$\tan \phi = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_{avg}}$$

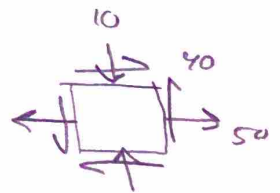
$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \sigma_x - \sigma_{avg} &= \sigma_x - \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \\ &= \frac{2\sigma_x}{2} - \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \\ &= \frac{\sigma_x}{2} - \frac{\sigma_y}{2} = \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \phi = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} \leftarrow \tan 2\theta_p \Rightarrow \phi = 2\theta_p$$

⑤ principal planes

$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = \frac{(2)(40)}{50 - (-10)} = \frac{80}{60} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2\theta_p &= 53.13^\circ \\ \theta_p &= 26.57^\circ \text{ CCW} \end{aligned}$$



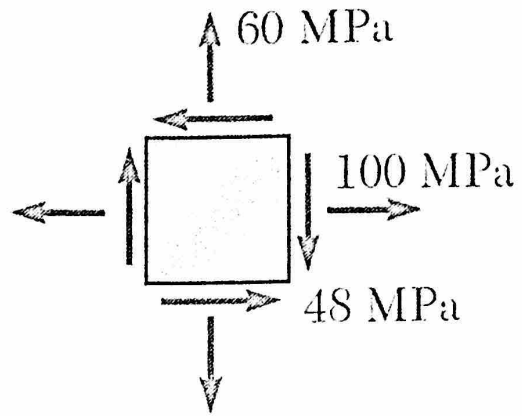
Principal shear

$$\begin{aligned} 2\theta_s &= 2\theta_p + 90^\circ \Rightarrow 2\theta_s = 53.13 + 90^\circ = 143.13 \\ \theta_s &= 71.57^\circ \text{ CCW} \end{aligned}$$

Example

For stress state shown

- ① Draw Mohr's Circle
- ② principal stresses
- ③ max. shear
- ④ Represent this stress state on Mohr's Circle
- ⑤ principal planes (θ_p) and planes of max. shear (θ_s)



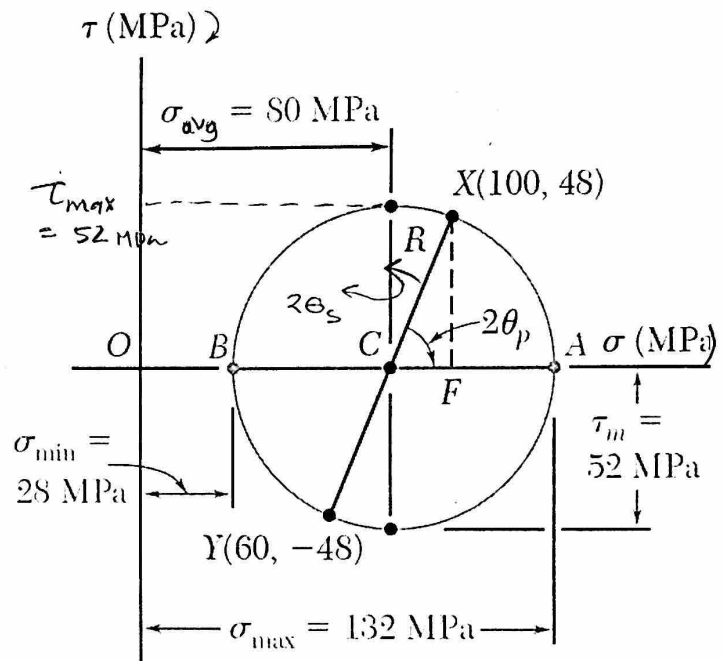
Solution

- ① Mohr's Circle $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{center } (\sigma_{avg}) \\ \text{Radius } (R) \end{array} \right.$

$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} = \frac{100 + 60}{2} = 80 \text{ MPa}$$

$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{100 - 60}{2}\right)^2 + 48^2} = 52 \text{ MPa}$$



- ② principal stresses

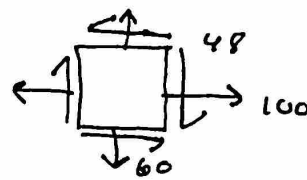
$$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_{avg} + R = 80 + 52 = 132 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{min} = \sigma_{avg} - R = 80 - 52 = 28 \text{ MPa}$$

- ③ Max. shear

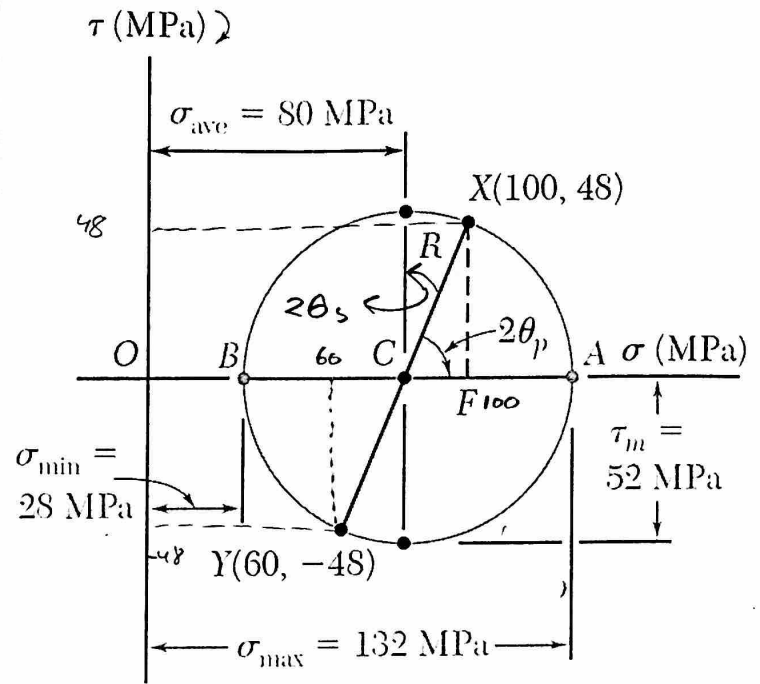
$$\tau_{max} = R = 52 \text{ MPa}$$

④ Represent state on MC



5/

- Rule



⑤ principal planes (θ_p)

$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = \frac{(2)(48)}{100 - 60}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\theta_p = 67.38^\circ \Rightarrow \theta_p = 33.69^\circ \text{ clock wise (CW)}$$

- planes of max shear

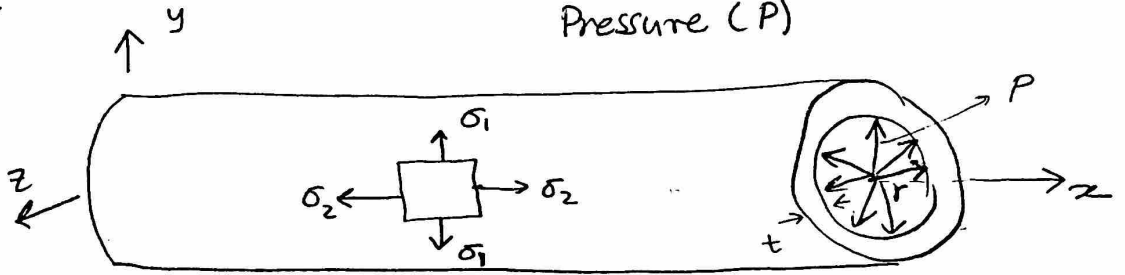
$$2\theta_s = 90 - 2\theta_p \Rightarrow 90 - 67.38$$

$$2\theta_s = 22.62^\circ \Rightarrow \theta_s = 11.31^\circ \text{ CCW}$$

* Thin-walled Pressure vessels

① Cylinders

Inner radius (r)
Thickness (t)
Pressure (P)



$\sigma_1 \Rightarrow$ Hoop stress $\sigma_1 = \frac{Pr}{t}$
 $\sigma_2 \Rightarrow$ Longitudinal stress $\sigma_2 = \frac{Pr}{2t}$

$$\sigma_1 = 2\sigma_2$$

Draw Mohr's Circle

$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_2 + \sigma_1}{2} = \frac{\sigma_2 + 2\sigma_2}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \sigma_2$$

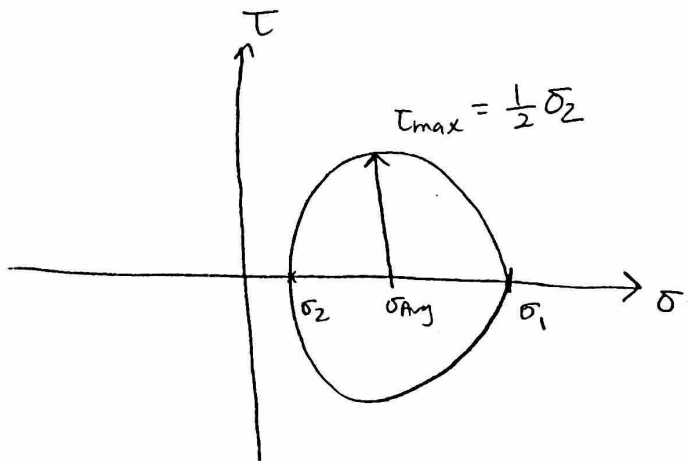
$$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_2 - \sigma_1}{2}\right)^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_2 - 2\sigma_2}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2 = R$$

Principal stresses \Rightarrow

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{max} &= \sigma_{avg} + R \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \sigma_2 + \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2 \\ &= 2\sigma_2 = \sigma_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{min} &= \sigma_{avg} - R \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \sigma_2 - \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2 \\ &= \sigma_2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{2\tau_{xy}}{\sigma_x - \sigma_y} = 0 \Rightarrow \theta_p = 0$$

$$\tan 2\theta_s = -\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2\tau_{xy}} = \infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 2\theta_s &= 90 \\ \theta_s &= 45 \end{aligned}$$