

# Chapter 11 Fourier Analysis

We only need sections 11.1, 11.2 & 11.5

(1)

## 11.1: Fourier Series

- Fourier series are infinite series that represents periodic functions in terms of cosines and sines. Commonly used in signal analysis.
- For a periodic function  $f(x)$ :  $f(x+p) = f(x)$  or a function repeats itself over a period  $p$ . For "n" periods:  $f(x+np) = f(x)$ .

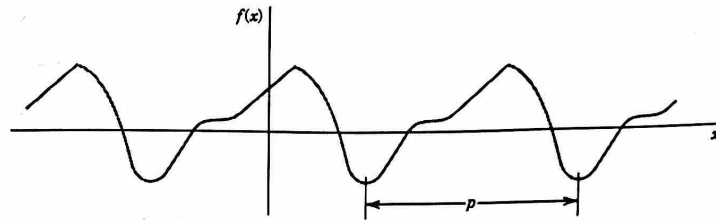


Fig. 258. Periodic function of period  $p$

- common examples of periodic functions are cosine, sine, tangent and cotangent. Periodic over period  $2\pi$ .
- common examples of non-periodic functions:  $e^{(x)}$ ,  $x$ ,  $x^2$ ,  $\cosh x$ ,  $\ln(x)$

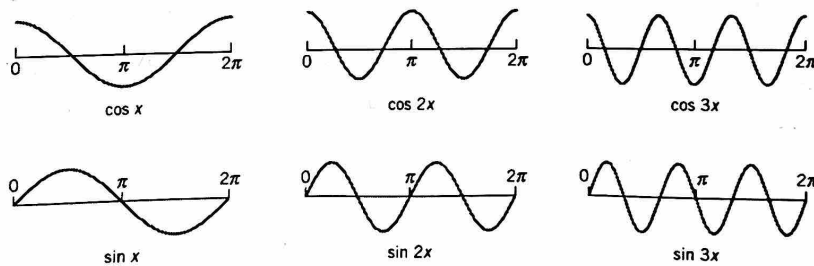


Fig. 259. Cosine and sine functions having the period  $2\pi$  (the first few members of the trigonometric system (3), except for the constant 1)

- For a function  $f(x)$ , that is periodic over period of  $2\pi$ , can be expressed in terms of Fourier series:

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx))$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

} Euler Formulas!

where:

$n=1, 2, \dots$

## 11.2 Arbitrary period. Even & odd functions. Half-range expansions. ②

- For a function  $f(x)$  periodic over arbitrary period  $2L$  "instead of  $2\pi$ "

The Fourier series:

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} x + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x \right)$$

where:

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx \quad n=1,2,\dots$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx$$

- If  $f(x)$  is an even function ( $f(-x) = f(x)$ ), the Fourier Series above becomes:

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} x \quad n=1,2,\dots$$

where:  $a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_0^L f(x) dx$  ,  $a_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx$

- If  $f(x)$  is an odd function ( $f(-x) = -f(x)$ ), the Fourier Series above becomes:-

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x$$

where  $b_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{L} x dx$

For the period  $2L = 2\pi$  " $L = \pi$ "

Even  $f(x)$

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx$$

$n=1,2,\dots$

Odd  $f(x)$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin nx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx$$

$n=1,2,\dots$