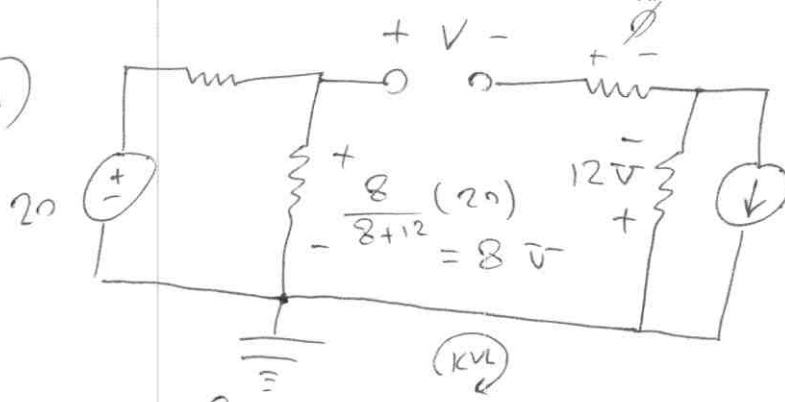


Q1

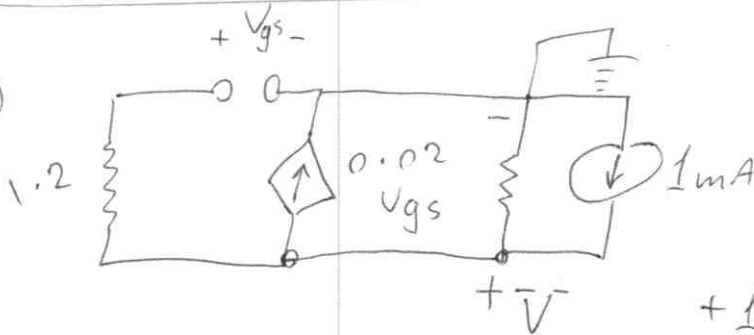
(1)



KVL :  
 $-8 + V + \phi - 12 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow V = 20 \text{ Volt}$

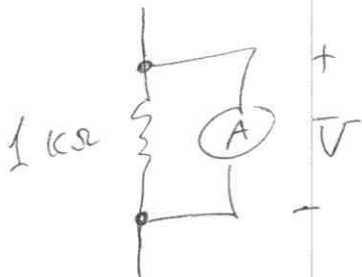
(2) Power absorbed by 2 A Source =  $2(-6) = -12 \text{ W}$

(3)



$V_{1.2k\Omega} = \phi$   
 $\Rightarrow V = V_{gs}$   
 Apply KCL @ Node V  
 $+1 - \frac{V}{1.2} - 0.02V = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow V = 0.98 \text{ volt}$

(4)

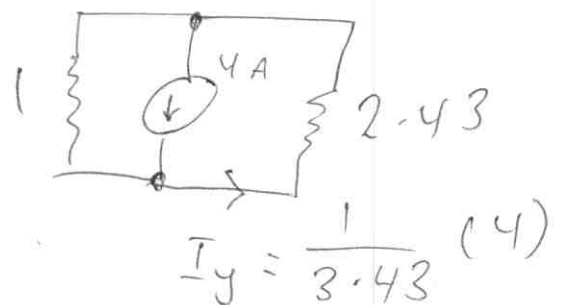
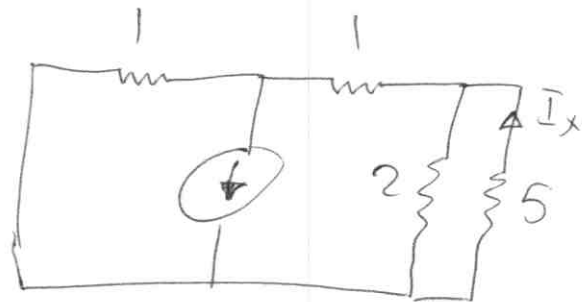


$V = 0$

(5)

$I_x = \frac{2}{2+5} (I_y)$

(F) None

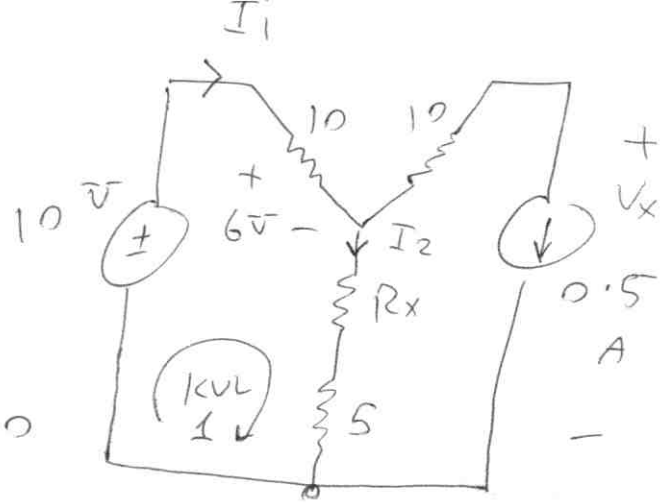


⑥  $I_1 = \frac{6}{10} = 0.6 \text{ A}$   
 $I_2 = I_1 - 0.5 = 0.1 \text{ A}$

Apply KVL 1 :

$$-10 + 6 + 0.1 R_x + 0.1(5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_x = 35 \Omega$$

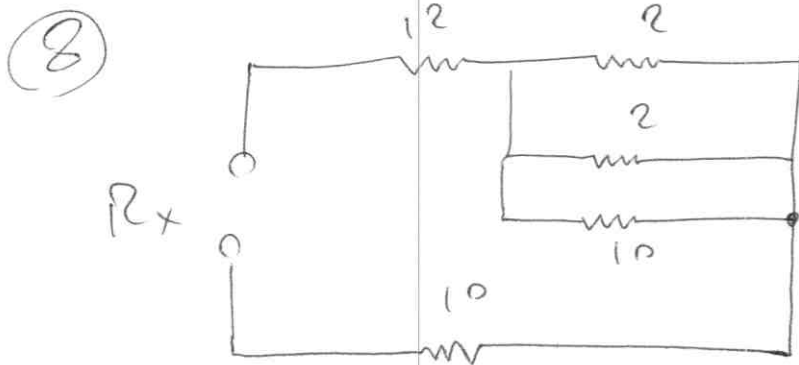


⑦ Apply KVL @ the external loop

$$-10 + 6 + 0.5(10) + V_x = 0 \Rightarrow V_x = -1 \text{ volt}$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{\text{diss.}} = 0.5(-1) = -0.5 \text{ W}$$

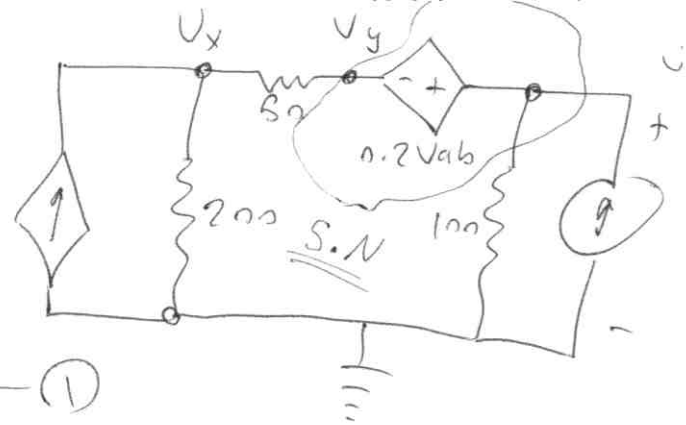
$$\Rightarrow P_{\text{gen.}} = +0.5 \text{ W}$$



$$R_x = 12 + (2 \parallel 2 \parallel 10) + 10$$

$$= 22.9 \Omega$$

Q 2



$$a) \frac{V_x - V_y}{5} - \frac{V_{ab}}{100} + 1 = 0$$

0.01 V<sub>ab</sub>

(1)

$$V_{ab} - V_y = 0.2 V_{ab}$$

(2)

$$0.01 V_{ab} - \frac{V_x}{200} - \frac{V_x - V_y}{50} = 0$$

(3)

$$V_x =$$

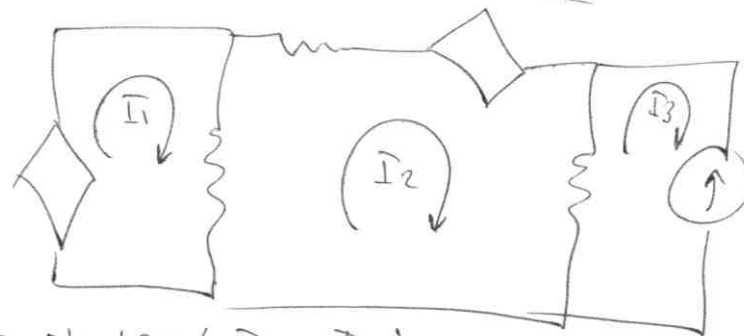
$$V_y =$$

$$V_{ab} =$$

} P<sub>gen.</sub> = V<sub>ab</sub> (1) Watt

$$b) I_1 = 0.01 V_{ab}$$

(1)



$$200(I_2 - I_1) + 50 I_2 - 0.2 V_{ab} + 100(I_2 - I_3) = 0$$

$$I_3 = -1$$

(3)

(2)

$$I_2 = \dots \Rightarrow P_{abs.} = -0.2 V_{ab} (I_2)$$

$$V_{ab} = \dots$$

$$c) \sum P_{generated} = 0$$

$$P_{gen} \text{ (1A source)} + P_{generated} \text{ (dependent c.s.)} + P_{gen} \text{ (dependent c.s.)} = 0$$